

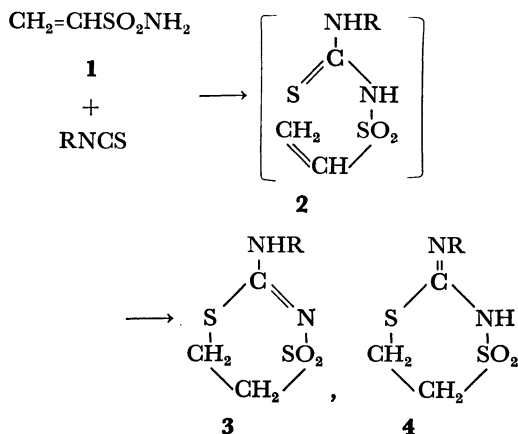
Synthesis of the New 1,4,2-Dithiazine 1,1-Dioxides¹⁾

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Previously, the synthesis of *N*-(2-phenylethene-1-sulfonyl)-*N'*-alkylthioureas and their intramolecular cycloadducts, 3-alkylamino-5-phenyl-1,1-dioxo-5,6-dihydro-1,4,2-dithiazines, from 2-phenylethene-1-sulfonamides was reported.²⁾



The present paper will describe the reaction of vinylsulfonamide (**1**) with isothiocyanates to give new heterocyclic compounds, 3-alkylamino-1,1-dioxo-5,6-dihydro-1,4,2-dithiazines (**3**) and 3-phenylimino-1,1-dioxo-2,3,5,6-tetrahydro-1,4,2-dithiazines (**4**), which are the intramolecular Michael cycloadducts of the probable intermediates, vinylsulfonyl thioureas (**2**).

The reaction of **1** with carbon disulfide and dimethyl sulfate in DMF in the presence of sodium hydroxide yielded 3-methylthio-1,1-dioxo-5,6-dihydro-1,4,2-dithiazine (**5**). The treatment of **5** with chlorine in chloroform gave the 3-chloro derivative (**6**), and the

reaction of **6** with alcohol or amines afforded 3-alkoxy (**7**) or 3-amino derivatives (**8**), respectively.

Analogous syntheses starting from 2-phenylethene-1-sulfonamides were reported in a previous work,³⁾ but the ethylenic bond in vinylsulfonamide is very reactive and we failed to secure the vinylsulfonylated thioureas **2** and dithiocarbamate, which are the non-cyclic intermediates between **1** and **3**, and between **1** and **5**, respectively.

Experimental

3-Methylamino-1,1-dioxo-5,6-dihydro-1,4,2-dithiazine (**3a**).

To vinylsulfonamide (2.6 g, 0.025 mol) in acetone (15 ml), we added methyl isothiocyanate (2.2 g, 0.03 mol) and anhydrous potassium carbonate (4.2 g, 0.03 mol); the reaction mixture was then refluxed for 10–15 hr with stirring and subsequently filtered. The acetone layer was concentrated *in vacuo*, and the crude residue was cooled to give 3.0 g of a solid. Recrystallization from methanol gave colorless crystals. IR (KBr): 3260 (ν_{NH}), 1550–1570 ($\nu_{\text{C}=\text{N}}$), 1200–1300, 1120–1160 (ν_{SO_2}) cm^{-1} . NMR (DMSO- d_6): δ 2.710 (s, =NCH₃), 2.713 (d, $J_{\text{NHCH}_3}=4.6$ Hz), 3.16–3.56 (m, 4H, CH₂CH₂), 8.56 (broad, 0.53H, NH). Ms: m/e 45 (CHS), 180.061 (calculated molecular weight, 180.059).

3-Phenylimino-1,1-dioxo-2,3,5,6-tetrahydro-1,4,2-dithiazine (**4c**).

To vinylsulfonamide (1.0 g, 0.009 mol) in acetone (10 ml), we added phenyl isothiocyanate (1.4 g, 0.010 mol) and anhydrous potassium carbonate (1.4 g, 0.010 mol); the reaction mixture was then refluxed for 10–15 hr with stirring and subsequently filtered; the potassium salt of **4c** thus obtained was dissolved in water, and the resulting solution was acidified to give 2.2 g of **4c**. Although crude **3c** was obtained by concentrating the acetone layer *in vacuo*, it was converted to **4c**

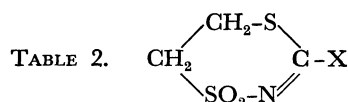
TABLE 1. $\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2-\text{S} \\ \diagup \quad \diagdown \\ \text{CH}_2 \quad \text{C}-\text{NHR} \\ \diagdown \quad \diagup \\ \text{SO}_2-\text{N} \end{array}$ **3** or $\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_2-\text{S} \\ \diagup \quad \diagdown \\ \text{CH}_2 \quad \text{C}=\text{NR} \\ \diagdown \quad \diagup \\ \text{SO}_2-\text{NH} \end{array}$ **4**

Compd	R	Yield (%)	Ratio ^{a)} (%)	Mp (°C)	Found (%)				Calcd (%)				Solvent of recrystn
					C	H	N	S	C	H	N	S	
3a 4a	CH ₃	68	100 0	146–147	26.69	4.52	15.31	35.01	26.65	4.47	15.54	35.57	methanol
3b 4b	C ₆ H ₁₁	73	94 6 ^{b)}	186–187	43.24	6.66	11.15	25.62	43.52	6.49	11.28	25.82	methanol
3c 4c	C ₆ H ₅	91	45 ^{c)} 55	161–163	44.31	4.14	11.48	26.30	44.61	4.16	11.56	26.48	methanol
3d 4d	<i>p</i> -CH ₃ C ₆ H ₄	90	0 100	170–171	47.15	4.81	11.05	24.87	46.85	4.72	10.93	25.01	methanol
3e 4e	<i>p</i> -ClC ₆ H ₄	79	100 0	233–235	39.16	3.23	10.17	22.96	39.06	3.28	10.12	23.17	ethanol

a) Ratio of **3** vs. **4** before recrystallization. b) **4b** could not be recrystallized. c) **4c** was given by recrystallization from methanol.

1) Presented at the 25th Annual Meeting of the Chemical Society of Japan, Tokyo, October, 1971.

2) K. Hasegawa and S. Hirooka, This Bulletin, **45**, 525 (1972),
3) K. Hasegawa and S. Hirooka, *ibid.*, **45**, 1567 (1972).



Compd	X	Yield (%)	Mp (°C)	Found (%)					Calcd (%)				
				C	H	N	S	Cl	C	H	N	S	Cl
5	SCH ₃	84	126—127	24.30	3.62	7.08	48.43	—	24.35	3.58	7.10	48.75	—
6	Cl	80	131—132	19.24	2.29	7.44	34.28	19.64	19.41	2.17	7.55	34.54	19.10
7	OCH ₃	51 ^{a)}	139—140	26.47	3.84	7.81	35.07	—	26.51	3.89	7.73	35.38	—
8a	N(CH ₃) ₂	68 ^{a)}	171—172	30.89	4.98	14.38	32.60	—	30.91	5.19	14.42	33.01	—
8b	NH ₂	97	196—197	21.96	3.64	16.64	—	—	21.68	3.64	16.86	38.58	—

a) Yield after recrystallization.

when recrystallized from methanol.

IR (KBr): 3240 (ν_{NH}), 1590 (ν_{phenyl}), 1540 ($\nu_{\text{C=N}}$), 1300—1310, 1260—1270 (ν_{SO_2}) cm^{-1} . NMR (acetone- d_6): δ 3.17—3.80 (m, 4H, CH₂CH₂), 7.00—7.73 (m, 5H, phenyl CH), 9.25 (broad, 0.63H, NH). Ms: m/e 46 (CH₂S), 242 (M).

The **5**, **6**, **7**, **8a**, and **8b** compounds were prepared and confirmed in an analogous manner,³⁾ starting from vinyl-sulfonamide.

3-Methylthio-1,1-dioxo-5,6-dihydro-1,4,2-dithiazine (5).

IR (KBr): 1505 ($\nu_{\text{C=N}}$), 1260—1310 and 1110—1170 (ν_{SO_2}) cm^{-1} . NMR (CDCl₃): δ 2.52 (s, 3H, SCH₃). Ms: m/e 197 (M).

3-Chloro-1,1-dioxo-5,6-dihydro-1,4,2-dithiazine (6). IR

(KBr): 1570 and 1550 ($\nu_{\text{C=N}}$), 1270—1325 and 1140—1180 (ν_{SO_2}) cm^{-1} . Ms: m/e 185 (M).

3-Methoxy-1,1-dioxo-5,6-dihydro-1,4,2-dithiazine (7). IR (KBr): 1560 ($\nu_{\text{C=N}}$), 1250—1320 and 1110—1170 (ν_{SO_2}) cm^{-1} . Ms: m/e 181 (M). NMR (CDCl₃): δ 3.95 (s, 3H, OCH₃).

3-Dimethylamino-1,1-dioxo-5,6-dihydro-1,4,2-dithiazine (8a).

IR (KBr): 1545 ($\nu_{\text{C=N}}$), 1310, 1270, and 1110—1140 (ν_{SO_2}) cm^{-1} . NMR (CDCl₃): δ 3.12 (s, 6H, N(CH₃)₂). Ms: m/e 194 (M).

3-Amino-1,1-dioxo-5,6-dihydro-1,4,2-dithiazine (8b). IR

(KBr): 3330, 3250, and 3160 (ν_{NH}), 1610 (ν_{NH}), 1515 ($\nu_{\text{C=N}}$), 1140, 1110, and 1100 (ν_{SO_2}) cm^{-1} .